

Listerdale Junior Academy Maths LTP – Year 6

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
<p>Autumn</p> <p>Each week: M- Daily arithmetic -10 qus T- Number of the week W- Daily arithmetic- 10 qus Th- Number connections F – Daily arithmetic –10 qus</p> <p>Daily arithmetic to include all operations at the appropriate level</p> <p>Ensure differentiation takes place is needed</p>	<p>Number: Place Value</p> <p><i>National Curriculum objectives</i> 1. Read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit 2. Round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy 3. Use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero 4. Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above.</p> <p>Small Steps</p> <p>Week 1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Numbers to 10,000, 100,000, a million, ten million Compare and order any number Rounding numbers Negative numbers 	<p>Number: Addition and Subtraction</p> <p><i>National Curriculum objectives</i> 1. Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers 2. Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers 3. Use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations 4. Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why 5. Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division 6. Use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy.</p> <p>Small Steps</p> <p>Week 1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits Inverse operations (addition and subtraction) Multi step addition and subtraction problems Add and subtract integers 	<p>Assessment week: Arithmetic Focus</p> <p><i>National curriculum objectives</i> 1. Identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places 2. Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context</p> <p>Small Steps</p> <p>Week 1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Multiply and divide by 10,100,1000 Short division Arithmetic gap analysis 	<p>Number: Multiplication and Division</p> <p><i>National Curriculum objectives</i> 1. Multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using long multiplication 2. Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context 6. Use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations 7. Use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy.</p> <p>Small Steps</p> <p>Week 1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Multiply up to a 4 digit numbers by a 2 digit numbers x2 Long division x 2 	<p>Number: Percentages</p> <p><i>National Curriculum objectives</i> 1. Recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts</p> <p>Small Steps</p> <p>Week 1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understand percentages Percentage of an amount Percentages – missing values Percentage word problems 	<p>Number: Fractions</p> <p><i>National Curriculum objectives</i> 1. Use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination 2. Compare and order fractions, including fractions > 1 3. Add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions 4. Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form [for example, $4 \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \frac{1}{3} = 8 \frac{1}{3}$] 5. Divide proper fractions by whole numbers [for example, $3 \frac{1}{2} \div 2 = 6 \frac{1}{4}$]</p> <p>Small Steps</p> <p>Week 1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Equivalent fractions and simplifying fractions Improper fractions to mixed numbers/Mixed numbers to improper fractions Multiply and divide fractions by integers Multiply fractions by fractions <p>Week 2</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fractions of an amount Compare and order fractions Add and subtract fractions Mixed number addition and subtraction 		<p>Number</p> <p><i>National Curriculum objectives</i> 1. Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers 2. Use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations</p> <p>Small steps</p> <p>Week 1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Factors/Multiples Prime numbers Roman numerals BIDMAS 	<p>Assessment week: Arithmetic Focus</p> <p>Arithmetic gap analysis</p>	<p>Measurement: Converting units and time</p> <p><i>National Curriculum objectives</i> 1. Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate 2. Use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting from a smaller unit to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places 3. Convert between miles and kilometres 4. (Y5) Complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables.</p> <p>Small Steps</p> <p>Week 1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Convert and calculate metric measures Miles & KM Time Timetables 	<p>Measurement: Perimeter, Area and Volume</p> <p><i>National Curriculum objectives</i> 1. Recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa 2. Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes 3. Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles 4. Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units</p> <p>Small Steps</p> <p>Week 1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Area and perimeter Area of a triangle Area of a parallelogram Volume of a cuboid 	<p>Geometry: Position and Direction</p> <p><i>National Curriculum objectives</i> 1. describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants) 2. Draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes</p> <p>Small Steps</p> <p>Week 1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The first quadrant Four quadrants Translations Reflections
	<p>Spring</p> <p>Each week: M- Daily arithmetic -10 qus T- Number of the week W- Daily arithmetic- 10 qus Th- Number connections F – Daily arithmetic –10 qus</p> <p>Daily arithmetic to include all operations at the appropriate level</p> <p>Ensure differentiation takes place is needed</p>	<p>Number: Fractions,Decimals, Percentages</p> <p><i>National Curriculum objectives</i> 1. Associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents 2. Identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places 3. Multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers 4. Use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places 5. Solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy 6. Recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts.</p> <p>Small Steps</p> <p>Week 1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understand tenths, hundredths and thousandths Rounding up to 3 decimal places Multiple and divide decimals by integers Money problems <p>Week 2</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Converting from fraction to decimal Equivalent FDP Ordering FDP FDP word problems 	<p>Assessment week: Arithmetic Focus</p> <p>Arithmetic Gap Analysis</p>	<p>Number: Ratio</p> <p><i>National Curriculum objectives</i> 1. solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer X and \div facts 2. Solve problems involving the calculation of % and the use of % for comparison 3. Solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found 4. Solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples</p> <p>Small Steps</p> <p>Week 1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Calculating ratio Using scale factors Calculating scale factors Ratio and proportion problems 	<p>Number: Algebra</p> <p><i>National Curriculum objectives</i> 1. Use simple formulae 2. Generate and describe linear number sequences 3. Express missing number problems algebraically 4. Find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns 5. Enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables.</p> <p>Small Steps</p> <p>Weeks 1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Substitution Use simple formulae Generate and describe linear sequences Find pairs of values Enumerate possibilities 	<p>Geometry: Properties of Shapes</p> <p><i>National Curriculum objectives</i> 1. Draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles 2. Recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets 3. Compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons 4. Recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles</p> <p>Small Steps</p> <p>Week 1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Properties of 2D shapes and draw 2D shapes using given dimensions (discuss regular and irregular polygons) Properties of 3D shapes Compare and classify shapes based on their properties Nets of shapes <p>Week 2</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Measure using a protractor Angles on a straight line/ Angles around a point Angles in a triangle (including missing angles) Angles in quadrilaterals/ Angles in regular polygons 		<p>Statistics</p> <p><i>National Curriculum objectives</i> 1. Interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems 2. Calculate and interpret the mean as an average. 3. Illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius</p> <p>Small Steps</p> <p>Week 1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Read and interpret line graphs Circles – radius, diameter, circumference Read and interpret pie charts/ Pie charts with percentages The mean 	<p>Assessment week: Arithmetic Focus</p> <p>Arithmetic Gap Analysis</p>	<p>Measurement: Perimeter, Area and Volume</p> <p><i>National Curriculum objectives</i> 1. Recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa 2. Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes 3. Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles 4. Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units</p> <p>Small Steps</p> <p>Week 1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Area and perimeter Area of a triangle Area of a parallelogram Volume of a cuboid 	<p>Gap Analysis – look at previous tests and teach to weaknesses</p>	<p>Number: Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication and Division</p> <p><i>National Curriculum objectives</i> 1. Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why 2. Solve problems involving addition, subtraction,</p> <p>Small Steps</p> <p>Week 1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fluency practise Worded problems all four operations
<p>Summer</p>	<p>Consolidation and SATs Preparation Gap analysis from previous mock SATs</p>				<p>Consolidation, Investigations and Preparation for KS3</p>							

Any spare weeks in any term = gap analysis